2008

ZOOLOGY

PAPER—IX (Group—A)

Full Marks: 50

Time: 2 hours

Answer any four questions, taking two from each Unit

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

FISHERY SPECIAL

UNIT-I

(Fish Taxonomy and Biology)

1. (a) State distinctive features of four of the following orders with suitable examples:

Polynemiformes Cypriniformes Anguiliformes Beloniformes Lamniformes Mugiliformes.

- (b) Write a short note on the economic importance of the order cypriniformes. $(2\frac{1}{2} \times 4) + 2\frac{1}{2}$
- 2. (a) Mention the different sources of plant and animal proteins used in supplementary feed.
 - (b) Discuss the 'best-bye' or 'least cost' technology. Calculate to compare the cost of supplying a particular ingredients using the 'least-cost' techniques, when—
 - (i) Groundnut oil cake contains 42% protein and costs INR 20.00.
 - (ii) Fish meal contains 54% protein and costs INR 40.00.
 - (c) If you wish to formulate a 30% protein IMC grower feed from fish meal (54% protein) and wheat bran (18% protein). Calculate the requirement of fish meal and wheat bran meal to make 100 kg feed by using the "square method of Hardy 1975".

Or

What is the importance of electroreception in fishes? Write on the various electroreception organs seen in fishes with suitable illustration and examples.

3. Write any two of the following:

 $6+6\frac{1}{2}$

- (a) Relationship between photoperiod and fish growth with suitable illustrations.
- (b) Dissolved oxygen and fish growth—Explain the relationship with illustrations.
- (c) Gastrosomatic and gonadosomatic indices and their uses.
- (d) Calculate the Protein Efficiency Ratio (PER) and Feed Conversion Ratio (FCR) and comment on your results, when—

Final weight of each fish—20 g

Number of fish—10

Initial weight of each fish—10 g

Duration of Experimental trial—60 days

Feed given—@ 6% body weight day-1

Protein in feed—30%.

4. Answer any three:

 $4+4+4\frac{1}{2}$

- (a) Parental care in fish.
- (b) Biotic factors influencing fish growth.
- (c) Thyroid hormones and their functions.
- (d) Distinctive features of class Teleostomi with suitable examples.
- (e) Length-weight relationship.

UNIT—II

(Limnology and Oceanography)

- 5. Define 'Limnology'. What are the major biotic communities in a freshwater environment? State the adaptive features of animals inhabiting in the lotic environment. $1\frac{1}{2} + 5 + 6$
- 6. Define Lake. Give a classificatory scheme of different types of lakes. Add a note on thermal stratification. $2+6\frac{1}{2}+4$

7. Write short notes:

 $4+4+4\frac{1}{2}$

- (i) Upwelling and outwelling
- (ii) Chemical composition of seawater
- (iii) Thermohaline circulation
- (iv) Vertical migration of Zooplankton
- (v) Ecological role of benthic fauna.
- 8. Explain precisely with suitable diagram of the following: $7+5\frac{1}{2}$
 - (a) Horizontal and vertical zonation of Oceanic environment.
 - (b) Macrobenthic communities of the marine environment.

GENETICS SPECIAL

UNIT-I

(Molecular Biology)

1. (a) Describe briefly the extrinsic death receptor pathway of apoptosis with the help of a diagram.

- (b) Mention briefly the process of apoptosome formation and its role in apoptosis.
- (c) Mention one important protein and its role in blocking the death receptor induced apoptosis. $5+4+3\frac{1}{2}$
- 2. (a) Mention briefly the mechanism of self -splicing and the subsequent circularization of the excised group I intron with a neat diagram.
 - (b) Diagram the lariat mechanism of splicing. Present a gel electrophoretic data that suggest that the excised intron is circular or lariat shaped.
 - (c) Two eukaryotic genes encode two different polypeptides. One gene contain a single exon, the other gene contains an intron 41,324 bp. Which gene would you expect to be transcribed in the least amount of time? Why? When the mRNAs specified by these genes are translated, which mRNA would you expect to be translated in the least time? Why? $4\frac{1}{2}+4+4$

- 3. (a) What are GTFs? State the name of GTFs associated with RNA polymeras II and describe their role in transcription initiation by RNA polymerase II.
 - (b) Characterize the core promoters in the eukaryotic cell.
 - (c) Mention the characteristic feature of transcription motif Leucine Zipper. $(2+4\frac{1}{2})+2\frac{1}{2}+3\frac{1}{2}$
- 4. (a) Describe different histone modification and tabulate their significance.
 - (b) What do you understand by histone variants?
 - (c) Define chromodomain and bromodomain.
 - (d) What is SWI/SNF? Mention its functional role?
 - (e) If a sample of chromatin found to contain 1 picomole of histone H 1, how much of the other histones would it contain? $5 + 1\frac{1}{2} + 2 + 2 + 2$

UNIT-II

(Genetics)

- 5. With proper illustrations explain the differences between Holliday's model and that of Meselson and Radding of recombination, giving proper emphasis on "strand invasion", heteroduplex formation" and "branch migration and resolution". $6+6\frac{1}{2}$
- 6. (a) The Punnet square below depicts the results of four deletions of four phage T4 mutants from their complementation analysis, where '+' denotes production of wild type plaques as a result of recombination and '0' means absence of wild type progeny.

	1	2	3	4
1	0	0	+	+
2	0	0	0	+
3	+	+	.0	0
4	+	0	+	0

Draw a linear deletion map of the four mutants with appropriate diagram and explanation.

- (b) How double lysogens are formed?
- (c) What do you understand by specialized transduction and transduction of lysogeny itself? $6^{\frac{1}{2}+3+3}$

(Continued)

- 7. (a) Mention the role of DSX M and DSX f (doublesex gene) in Drosophila sexual development.
 - (b) Write a brief note on the Transformer gene(tra) in Drosophila sex determination.
 - (c) State briefly the role of WNT4 gene in sex determination. $5+4+3\frac{1}{2}$
- 8. (a) What does the term cotransduction mean?

 How can cotransduction frequencies be used to map genetic marker?
 - (b) A donor strain of bacteria with genes $a^+b^+c^+$ is infected with phages to map the donor chromosome with generalized transduction. The phage lysate from the bacterial cell is collected and used to infect a second strain of bacteria that are $a^-b^-c^-$. Bacteria with the a^+ gene are selected, and the percentage of cells with cotransduced b^+ and c^+ genes are recorded

Donor Recipient Selected Cells with gene cotransduced gene (%) $a^{+}b^{+}c^{+} \quad a^{-}b^{-}c^{-} \quad a^{+} \quad 25b^{+}$ $a^{+} \quad 3c^{+}$

Is the b or c gene closer to a? Explain your reasoning.

(c) Compare the similarities and differences between transduction and sexduction.

$$(2+3)+5+2\frac{1}{2}$$

ECOLOGY SPECIAL

UNIT-I

(Soil Ecology)

1. Enumerate major soil orders with their distinctive features and distribution. Add a note on laterization.

$$10 + 2\frac{1}{2}$$

- 2. What is humus? Distinguish between 'mull' and 'more' type of humus. Discuss in brief the role of soil fauna in leaf litter decomposition. Add a note on the dynamics of litter breakdown. $1\frac{1}{2} + 2 + 5 + 4$
- 3. Name the extractors used in extraction of soil micro-arthropods. Compare the working principles of a 'dry funnel' and a 'wet funnel' methods. Which method you recommend for the extraction of soil mites and why?
 2 \frac{1}{2} + 6 + 4

(Continued)

(11)

- 4. (a) Write notes on any two:
 - (i) Soil texture
 - (ii) Soil profile
 - (iii) Soil moisture
 - (iv) Soil temperature.
 - (b) Answer one of the following:
 - (i) Oribatida as bioindicator of industrial pollution.
 - (ii) A and B horizons of soil. $(4+4)+4\frac{1}{2}$

UNIT-II

(Forest and Wild Life Ecology)

5. What are the 16 (sixteen) different 'Forest Types' of India as per Champion and Seth's Classification? Which of the 'forest types' are available in West Bengal? In which district of West Bengal you find 'Brackish Water littoral forests'?
8+4¹/₂

6. Enumerate the salient structural and functional characteristics of tropical forest ecosystem. Discuss in brief the stratification of animal life in such forest.

 $4\frac{1}{2} + 8$

- 7. Discuss the concept of 'Biosphere Reserve'. What is 'SLOSS' debate? Name three Biosphere Reserves of North East India and mention the state where these are located. Name three critically Endangered vertebrates which are likely to be found in West Bengal. $5+1\frac{1}{2}+3+3$
- (a) Answer one of the following: 8.
 - (i) Past and present distribution, causes of threat, present red list status (Version 3.1) and food habit of Antilope cervicapra.
 - (ii) Extent of deforestation in India.
 - (b) Write a note on one of the following:
 - (i) Turnover time of elements in forest
 - (ii) Threat Types Authority File (version 2.1).

$$7\frac{1}{2} + 5$$