M.Sc. 4th Semester Examination, 2010 REMOTE SENSING & GIS

(Research Methodology and Project Management)

PAPER — XIII/ RG - 2201 & 2202

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

RG-2201

(Research Methodology)

[Marks: 20]

Answer any two questions

1. (a) What is research methodology?

- (b) What are the steps involved in research process? 5+5
- 2. (a) What do you mean by the significance of research problem?
 - (b) Explain the meaning of hypothesis.

5 + 5,

- 3. (a) Name the characteristics of a good research design.
 - (b) State the following statements are *True* (T) or False (F):
 - (i) Variance and variable are one and the same.
 - (ii) Holding a factor constant consists of reducing a variable to a constant.
 - (iii) The purpose of controlling variance is to enhance the validity of the results.
 - (iv) A randomly selected sample reflects the characteristics of population.
 - (v) In stratified random sampling, the population elements are homogeneous. 5 + 5

4. Answer in one or two sentences:

 $2\frac{1}{2} \times 4$

- (i) What are the two purposes of research design?
- (ii) Mention the four ways of controlling variance.
- (iii) What is sampling?
- (iv) Define probability sampling.

RG-2202

(Project Management)

[Marks: 20]

Answer any two questions

- 5. (a) What is the need for determining sample size? Discuss.
 - (b) What are the sources of a research problem? 5+5
- 6. (a) How can a GIS project be designed and managed?
 - (b) What is a rich picture and how is it used to assist
 GIS project design?

 5+5

- 7. (a) What is a root definition and how is it useful in project management?
 - (b) What are the problems that may be encountered when implementing a GIS?

 5 + 5
- 8. (a) What is the difference between a physical and a conceptual data model?
 - (b) Answer any two:
 - (i) GANTT charts
 - (ii) PERT
 - (iii) CASE
 - (iv) Map algebra.

$$5 + (2\frac{1}{2} \times 2)$$