2008

MICROBIOLOGY

PAPER-II

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

GROUP-A

(Mycology)

Answer Q. No. 1 and any one from the rest questions

1. Write short notes on (any four):

 $2\frac{1}{2}\times4$

- (i) Clamp connection
- (ii) Medicinal importance of lichen
- (iii) Cell wall of fungi
- (iv) Ascocarp
- (v) Torula state of Mucor.
- 2. Draw and describe the process of Ascus formation.

 Name each of an aquatic fungi, coprophilous fungi
 and endophytic fungi. What roles are generally
 played by spitzencorper in fungal growth?

2+3+3+2

3. Draw and describe the life cycle of Agaricus sp. What is VAM? What are their utilities? Write down with diagram the inner structures in gills of Agaricus.
2+3+1+2+2

GROUP-B

(Phycology)

Answer any two from the following

- with that of Rhodophyceae and in which respect? How the deep sea (more than 100 m depth) benthic algal members (Rhodophyceae) could survive? Some members of Red algae are not red—why? What are the members and where are they found?
 - (b) How many types of auxospore formation have been found in Diatoms? Represent sexual auxospores formation with suitable diagram.

 Write their nuclear behaviour.

$$(1+1+1+2)+(2+2+1)$$

5. (a) Write the names of different classes of algae as proposed by Fritsch (1935, 48). Mention important class characters with examples for each class.

(b) Write the salient features of Euglenophytes.

Cite examples of autotrophic and heterotrophic

Euglenophytes that you have studied. "Some
members of Euglenophytes devoid of
chloroplast and eyespots"—Why?

(2+3)+(2+1+2)

6. Answer any five of the following:

2x5

- (a) Schematically represent life-cycle of Vaucheria sp. or Sargassum sp.
- (b) Write the structural and functional features of the stigma of chlorophyceae.
- (c) Write the contribution of algae in SCP production.
- (d) Cite the examples of the following nutritional types of algae:
 - (i) Parasitic
 - (ii) Epiphytic

(iii) Symbiotic

(iv) Epizoic.

- (e) What is triphasic alternation of generations? Write only the names of the phases.
- (f) What do you mean by reduplication of generations (both sporophytic and gametophytic) in case of *Ectocarpus* sp.
- (g) Write the economic importance of *Tolypothrix* tunis and *Alorira fertillissma*.
- (h) Mention the diagnostic characters of the cells of Prochlorons or BGA (Coccoids).