

2018

CBCS

3rd Semester

AQUACULTURE MANAGEMENT

PAPER—C5T

(Honours)

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

Fisheries Statistics, Economics & Marketing

1. Answer any five questions :

5×2

(a) Define GDP. Give data on fisheries GDP in India.

(Turn Over)

- (b) Mention the significance of Chi-square test.
- (c) Write down the formula for correlation coefficient estimation.
- (d) What do you mean by standard error of mean?
- (e) Discuss significance of null hypothesis in statistics.
- (f) Write two disadvantages of fish market.
- (g) Define population in biometry.
- (h) Define equilibrium price in fisheries economics.

2. Answer any *four* questions : 4×5

- (a) How to tabulate the data in the form of frequency distribution?
- (b) Discuss law of diminishing and marginal return.
- (c) Distinguish between production economics of capture and culture fisheries.

- (d) Illustrate the role of technology in changing fishery economics.
- (e) Discuss relation among AM, GM and HM.
- (f) Calculate the SD from the following fishers data :

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| x | 5 | 15 | 25 | 35 | 45 | 55 | 65 | 75 |
| f | 3 | 7 | 9 | 23 | 15 | 8 | 6 | 4 |

3. Answer any one question : 1×10

- (a) (i) Define Fisheries economics.
- (ii) Discuss the market chain in India with special emphasis on Marine fishery resources supply.
- (iii) Give an idea about pie diagram.
- (iv) Add a note on cumulative frequency.

2+3+3+2

- (b) (i) Define positive and normative economics.
- (ii) What is demand and supply chain?

- (iii) Define price determination.
- (iv) Discuss the importance of economics in Fisheries sector.

2+3+2+3
