

**M.Sc.****2011****4th Semester Examination****ELECTRONICS****PAPER—EL-2201****Full Marks : 40****Time : 2 Hours**

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

*Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.*

**Answer Q. No. 1 and any three from the rest.**

**1. Answer any five questions : 2×5**

- (a) Why TRAPATT diode is preferred to an IMPATT diode?
- (b) What is the purpose of helix in a TWT device?
- (c) If  $P_1$  = input power,  
 $P_2$  = output power  
 $P_3$  = power in coupled port  
 $P_4$  = power in isolated port

(Turn Over)

Write down the formula for insertion loss of the directional coupler.

- (d) Why GaAs is preferred over Si for Gunn diode fabrication?
- (e) Write expressions for the characteristic impedance and effective dielectric constant of a microstrip line.
- (f) The rated drift region length and carrier drift velocity of an IMPATT are  $6 \mu\text{m}$  and  $2 \times 10^7 \text{ cm/s}$  respectively for a given operating voltage. Calculate the frequency of generated microwave.

2. (a) Distinguish between Klystron amplifier and TWTA.
- (b) In a magnetron oscillator, Find an expression of cut-off magnetic flux density and cut-off voltage.
- (c) A pulsed cylindrical magnetron is operated with the following parameters.

Anode voltage = 25 KV.

Beam current = 25A

Magnetic density =  $0.34 \text{ wb/m}^2$ .

Radius of cathode cylinder = 5 cm

Radius of anode cylinder = 10 cm.

Calculate

- (i) The angular frequency;
- (ii) The cut-off voltage;
- (iii) The cut-off magnetic flux density. 3+4+3

3. (a) Draw the equivalent circuit of a circular cavity resonator.
- (b) Show that the  $Q$ -value of such a cavity resonator can be given by

$$Q = \frac{\omega \mu V}{2R_s S}$$

where symbols have their usual meanings.

- (c) A cavity of intrinsic  $Q$  400 is coupled to an external circuitry of  $Q$ -value 200. Find the loaded  $Q$  of the cavity after derivation of necessary formula. 1+4+5
4. (a) A circular cylindrical air-filled cavity with radius 3 cm and length 10 cm is excited in  $TE_{111}$  mode. The 3 dB bandwidth is 2.5 MHz. Calculate the resonant frequency and the  $Q$ .
- (b) Derive the formula you use.
- (c) Write an expression for the resonance frequency of a semicircular cavity resonator for  $TM_{npq}$  mode. 4+4+2

5. (a) How a slot line differs from a microstrip line?
- (b) Discuss the role of dielectric in the design of microstrip. Derive  $Q$  of a micro strip line.
- (c) In a microstrip line alumina used as a dielectric substrate ( $\epsilon_r = 9.7$ ) and operating at a frequency of 10 GHz and if the line has an attenuation of 20 dB, Calculate  $Q$  of the microstrip line. 2+(2+2)+4

6. (a) Draw the schematic diagram of a GaAs MESFET and its small signal equivalent circuit. Find expression for maximum operations frequency in saturation region. Draw  $I_d$  vs  $V_{dS}$  characteristics. 1+2+2+1

- (b) The S-parameters of a transistor at 5 GHz for a conjugate matched transistor amplifier are given by
- $$S_{11} = 0.9 \angle -100^\circ, \angle 90^\circ, S_{21} = 2.4, S_{12} = 0,$$
- $$S_{22} = 0.8 \angle 40^\circ.$$

Find the maximum gain. 4

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