

2011

M.Sc.

3rd Semester Examination

ELECTRONICS

PAPER—ELC-303

Full Marks : 50

Time : 2 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

(Communication Engineering)

Answer Q. No. 1 and any three questions from the rest.

1. (a) What is the importance of TDM in electronic communication?
- (b) Discuss the function of IMSI and IMEI in connection with mobile communication.

(Turn Over)

- (c) What are the advantages of VSB modulation over other kind of amplitude modulation ?
- (d) Find the capacity of a transmission channel that has a band width of 300 Hz and $\frac{S}{N}$ ratio of 30dB.
- (e) What is monophonic FM broadcast ? 2

2. (a) Prove that the inverse Fourier transform of $\delta(\pi f)$ is $\frac{1}{2\pi} \delta(t)$.
- (b) Using the time convolution property show that $g(t) \leftrightarrow G(f)$.
- then

$$\int_{-\infty}^t g(\tau) d\tau \leftrightarrow \frac{G(f)}{j2\pi f} + \frac{1}{2} G(0) \delta(f)$$

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3. (a) What is the advantage of digital communication? Give a comparative graphical explanation of Phase Shift Keying (PSK) and Frequency Shift Keying (FSK) signals for a given set of digital data stream and analog carrier.
- (b) Explain with suitable diagram the schemes for generating and detecting an Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK) signal. (2+3)

4. (a) With proper Diagram discuss Armstrong method of FM generation for wideband FM generation.
- (b) How can you demodulate an FM signal using Phase Locked Loop ?
- (c) An angle-modulated signal with carrier frequency $w_c = 2\pi \times 10^5$ is described by the equation.
- $$\phi_{EM}(t) = 10 \cos (w_c t + 5 \sin 3000t + 10 \sin 2000\pi t)$$
- Find frequency deviation and deviation ratio.

4+3+3

5. (a) Calculate the capacity of a standard telephone channel with a 32 DB signal to noise ratio. Telephone channel occupy the frequency range of 300 to 3400 Hz.
- (b) How can you generate PPM signal from PWM signal ?
- (c) What is the quantization noise in a PCM system ? Explain a mid thread quantizer.
- (d) How a PCM signal can be re-constructed using an Integrating RC circuit ?

3+2+(1+2)+2

6. Write short notes in (any two) :

5+

- (a) Super heterodyne receiver.
- (b) Delta Modulation.
- (c) Slope detector for FM demodulation.

[Internal Assessment — 10]
