M.Sc. 3rd Semester Examination, 2009 **ELECTRONICS**

(Microprocessor and its Applications)

PAPER -- EL-2101

Full Marks: 50

Time: 2 hours

Answer Q.No.1 and any three questions from the rest

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

1. Answer all questions:

2 x 5

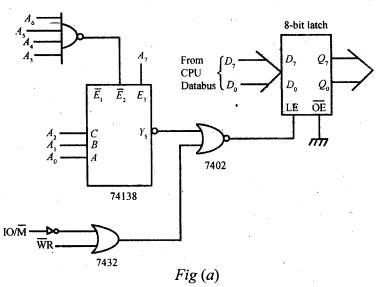
- (a) Why the falling edge of ALE signal of 8085 CPU is used for latching the AD bus?
- (b) Calculate the number of memory chips needed to design 8 K-byte memory if the memory chip size is 1024 x 1.
- (c) Explain the term: 'Machine cycle' used in microprocessors.

- (d) Write down the action of the instruction:
- (e) Why register checking does not give the correct result when we use HLT instruction instead of RSTn instruction at the end of the program?
- 2. (a) What is the difference between Unconditional CALL and Conditional CALL instructions? Explain with examples.
 - (b) What are the steps that the CPU has to perform when an unconditional CALL instruction is executed? 5+5
- 3. (a) What is the difference between the logical shift and arithmetic shift?
 - (b) Write down the steps for an arithmetic shift for an 8-bit binary number. Is there any single instruction for the arithmetic shift for a 16-bit number?

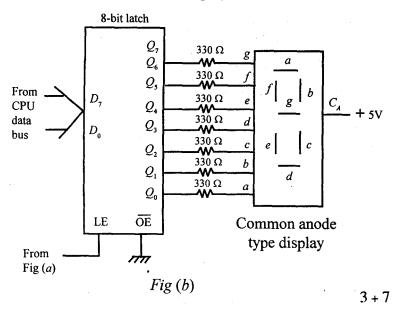
 5+5
- 4. (a) Explain how the contents of two register pairs BC and DE can be exchanged using stack.

- (b) Write a program to separate the odd and even numbers available from the ten consecutive memory locations. Assume that the ten numbers available from the locations from 2000 H onwards. After the separation store the results in memory starting from suitable address.

 2+8
- 5. (a) One output port is designed using one 8-bit D-latch. The D-latch has latch enable input (LE) and one output enable input (OE). The circuit is shown in Fig. (a). Find the address of the port.



(b) The output Q_7 to Q_0 of the latch are connected to the 7-segment common LEDs as shown in Fig. (b). Write an assembly language program to show 9 on the display.



6. One 2K-byte memory is to be interfaced to 8085 CPU so that the starting address of the memory is 8000 H. The memory chip has R/W inputs and CS input. The data inputs/outputs and address inputs are as usual. 10

[Internal Assessment — 10 Marks]