2011

MBA

4th Semester Examination INTERNATIONAL MARKETING

(Specialisation: Marketing Management)

PAPER-M 404

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

ite the answers to Guestions of each Half in separate books.

First Half

(Marks: 50)

Answer any four of the following:

5×4

- (a) Give a focus on the determinants of Market Selection in international marketing control.
- (b) What is the role of export promotion organisation?
- (c) Write down the importance of personal selling in international marketing.
- (d) Discuss briefly the methods of distribution in international marketing.
- (e) Give a brief note of pricing structure in international marketing.
- (f) Write a short note on transfer pricing and price dumping. 2.5+2.5

(Turn Over)

2. Answer any two of the following:

10×

- (a) Make an elaboration on EPRG framework International Marketing context.
- (b) What are the differences between international multinational, global, trans-national and nation organization?
- (c) Discuss the elements of International Marketir Environment.

[Internal Assessment: 10]

Second Half

(Marks: 50)

3. Answer any four questions:

5×4

- (a) What is the difference between International Produc Life Cycle and Domestic Product Life Cycle?
- (b) Briefly discuss the functions of WTO.
- (c) What was the role of GATT in international marketing
- (d) Write a short note on MNCs.
- (e) What is 'Terms of Trade'? How does it differ fror exchange rate?
- (f) What kind of branding strategy the international organization should follow?
- 4. Answer any two of the following:

10×2

- (a) Briefly discuss different tariff and non-tariff barrier in international marketing.
- (b) Give a focus on the advancement of H-O theory c international trade in comparison with the Ricardial theory and Smithian theory of international trade.
- (c) With suitable example by applying the Ricardian theory of Comperative cost Advantage in Internationa trade prove that the countries involved in international trade gains from trade.

[Internal Assessment: 10]