2010

M.Sc.

3rd Semester Examination BIO-MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCE & MANAGEMENT

PAPER-IX (Unit-17)

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

(Clinical Immunology & Serology)

Module-I

1. Answer any five:

- 1×5
- (a) A synonym for an antigenic determinant is
 - (i) Immunogen;
 - (ii) Epitope;
 - (iii) Binding site.
- (b) Where would you get NK cells?
- (c) Which of the following is not a component of membrane attack complex.
 - (i) C_{36} ;
 - (ii) C₆;
 - (iii) C₇.

- (d) What is the full form of ICAM??(e) What is allograft?(f) What is TNF-α?
 - (g) What is plasma cell??(h) What is chemotaxis?
 - (ii) What is chemotaxis?
- 2. (a) Describe the classical pathway of complement activation.
 - (b) What is co-agglutination test & mention its clinical significance. 5+(2+1)

От

- (a) Describe the immunological basis of tumor formation.
- (b) Write the application of monoclonal antibody in modern biomedical science. 5+3
- 3. (a) Write the principle of Western Blot technique.
 - (b) What is prozone & post-zone phenomenon?
 - (c) What is RPHA?

Or

- (a) What is the most common type of hypersensitivity?
- (b) How is it mediated?
- (c) What are the common antigens that cause this type of hypersensitivity?
- (d) Describe effector phase. 1+1+2+3

2 + 3 + 2

Module-II

4.	Answer any five questions:								1×5
	(a)	A specimen should be reinactivated when more — hour(s) has/have elapsed since inactivation.							
				1;	nas/nave	ciapscu	Since	macuvauon.	

- (ii) 2;
- (iii) 4.
- (b) If a serial dilution is prepared in 1:2 dilution norm the final dilution in tube 6 is
 - (i) 1:24:
 - (ii) 1:32:
 - (iii) 1:64.
- (c) The first diagnostic blood test for syphilis was :
 - (i) VDRL;
 - (ii) Wassermann;
 - (iii) RPR.
- (d) Write the clinical significance of Anti-CCP test.
- (e) What is the in cubation period of typhoidal agent?
- (f) Define serolozy.
 - (g) What are the clinical significances of hs-CRP test?
 - (h) Write the names of fluorophobes taged antibodies in double stained FTA-abs test.
- **5.** (a) Describe briefly the different techniques of specific test for syphilis.
 - (b) How do you immunologically detect typhoidal factor in stool? 5+3

Or

- (a) How HIV infects the cell-elaborate the immunological basis?
- (b) How do you determine the CD4⁺ count by dual platform flow cytometry?
- (c) What is the principle of capcilia method of CD4 $^+$ count? 3+3+2
- **6.** (a) What are the differences between IgG & IgM detection in toxoplasmosis?
 - (b) How do you determine the status of (current or past etc.) infection of toxoplasmoses in new born baby?
 - (c) What is indirect pregnancy test? 2+3+2

Or

- (a) Describe the immunological basis of SLE.
- (b) How do you diagnostically differentiate between primary and secondary infection of dengue?
- (c) What is Anti-ds-DNA? 2+4+1