## 2008

## AQUACULTURE MGT. & TECH.

PAPER—AMT-2004

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 hours

Answer Q. No. 1 and any three from the rest

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers whenever necessary

1. Answer any five of the following:

- 2 x 5
- (a) What do you mean by gynogenesis?
- (b) Write the names of any two fish steroid hormones.
- (c) What do you mean by recombinant DNA?
- (d) What do you mean by biofertilization?

- (e) How the sterile fish can be produced?
- (f) What are the role of Estradiol in sex-reversal of fish?
- (g) Enumerate the constraints of androgenesis.
- (h) What is biofilter?
- (i) How does the fish sterility help in aquaculture?
- (j) Write the importance of recombinant vaccines.
- 2. (a) What is mono-sex?
  - (b) How many types of mono-sex population can be produced by chromosomal manipulation?
    - (c) Briefly state the techniques to be followed for production of mono-sex. 2+2+6
- 3. (a) What are the differences between Meiotic and Mitotic gynogenesis?
  - (b) State the problems of cryopreservation of fish egg and embryos (below six somite stage).
  - (c) Illustrate the functions of cryoprotectant. 3+4+3

- 4. (a) What do you mean by tissue culture?
  - (b) Discuss the procedure to be followed for cell counting using the Hemocytometer.
  - (c) What are the precautions to be taken in maintaining fish cell line? 2+4+4
- 5. Answer the following:

 $2\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ 

- (a) Mention the significance of cryopreservation in aquaculture.
- (b) Effluent Management and Bioremediation in aquaculture.
- (c) Progress of aquaculture through biotechnological manipulation.
- (d) Add a note on hybridogenesis.
- 6. Write short notes (any two):

5 x 2

- (i) Biotechnological approach to disease management
- (ii) Techniques of DNA fingerprinting

(iii) Merits and demerits of transgenic fish

(iv) Importance of PCR in aquaculture.