2017

COMPUTER SCIENCE

[Honours]

PAPER -IV

Full Marks: 90

Time: 4 hours

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their

own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

[OLD SYLLABUS]

GROUP - A

Answer any four questions:

 10×4

elements of an instruction? How is an instruction represented? What are the types of instruction according to data control operation? 2+2+2+4

(Turn Over)

2	(a)	What is the role of 'addressing mode of an	1
		instruction.	2
	<i>(b)</i>	Discuss at least 4 addressing mode with	
		example. 4+	4
3.	(a)	Draw a block diagram of basic structure of	
		the CPU.	4
	(b)	Explain the function of stack pointer	
		program counter and Accumulator.	5
	(c)	What is PSW?	į
	16 517		
4.	(a)	What do you mean status and control	2
		register?	1
	(b)	Write down the function of various flag	
		register.	6
	(c)	Write down the difference between static and	
		dynamic RAMs.	3
5.	(a)	What is floating point ALU?	ì
	8 6		

	(b)	Represent the following number using a 16 bit floating point representation.	**
		10110.1101.	3
	(c)	Draw the block diagram of a general model of control unit.	3
	(d)	What are the basic responsibilities of the control unit.	3
6.	(a)	What is microprogrammed control unit?	1
The same of the sa	(b)	Write down the disadvantages of micro-programmed control unit?	3
	(c)	Write down the difference between horizontal microinstruction and vertical microinstruction.	3
	(d)	What is microinstruction? Discuss two general types of microinstruction.	- 2
7.	(a)	What is associative addressing? Define masked ROM.	1
	(b)	Write down the difference between EE-PROM and EPROM.	3

(c) What is Booth's algorithm? Using Booth multiplication algorithm derive step by step process of product multiplier X with multiplicand Y ie.

$$P = XY$$
. where $X = 10110011$
 $Y = 11010101$ $1 + 4$

GROUP - B

Answer any five questions:

 5×5

5

8. Find the generating function for the sequence

- 9. In India there are coins of denominations 1, 2, 5, 10, rupees and ₹100. In how many ways we can make up ₹100 from these coins?
- 10. Solve the recurrence relation:

$$f(n+1) = f(n) + f(n-1) + f(n-2),$$

$$f(0) = f(1) = f(2) = 1$$

11. 20 teachers and 20 students sit arround a table.

	to discuss seminar to pic. Is it always possible to find a person both of whose neighbors are students.	5
12.	Find the generating function of the sequence	
l	1, 3, 3, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,	5
13.	What is recurrence relation? Write down the principal of Inclusion. Exclusion. 1+	4
14.	In a local store there are 8 different laptops, 7 different mouse and 3 different headphones for general customers. How many ways can you by a system(a laptop and a mouse or a laptop and a headphone)?	5
15.	Using generating function find an interm of in $a_0 = 2$ and $a_n + 1 = 3a_n$ for $n > 0$.	5
	GROUP - C	
j	Answer any five questions: $5 \times$	5
16.	(a) What is 3-byte instruction? Discuss opcode	

and operand of this type instruction. Give an

example.

1+1

(b) Draw the block diagram of programming

		model of 8085.	3
17.	Bw	w the timing diagram of instruction MOV C, which is stored in location 2017 H. Jex code nov C, B is 48 H.	5
18.	(a)	Write down the comparison of memory-mapped I/O and peripheral I/O about following characteristics:	3
		(i) Data transfer	
		(ii) Execution speed	
		(iii) Instruction available.	17 4 50
	(b)	What are the control signals necessary in the memory-mapped I/O?	2
19.	(a)	Give an example of Direct and Indirect addressing mode of 8085 instruction set.1 +	1
	(b)	What is unconditional branch instruction?	1
	(c)	Draw the bus structure of 8085 MPU.	2
		2	

(b) What will be the flag status (s, t, cy) it the content of accumulator(is 93 H) added to

20. (a) Write down the function of ALE.

ł		the content of Register B which have I	37H.	3
21.	(a)	Describe the instruction RLC and RRC	2.1+	- 1
1	(b)	What is RAR? Give proper example.	1 +	2
22.		ite an instruction to load the 16 bit nu		
	201	7 H in the register pair HL using LX	I and	
\$11	MV	I opcodes and explain the difference bet	ween	
		two instruction.	2 +	- 3
23.	(a)	What is interrupt? Explain different	types	1
		of Restart Interrupts.	1+	$1\frac{1}{2}$
	(h)	If a clock frequency of the system is 21	MHz,	
	()	then how much time are needed for o		
		state, opcode fetch and memory read		
i	× ,		1 +1-	. 1
		instruction.	+ 1 ·	r 1

2