

**2016**

**M.Sc.**

**3rd Semester Examination**

**APPLIED MATHEMATICS WITH OCEANOLOGY  
AND  
COMPUTER PROGRAMMING**

**PAPER—MTM-304**

*Full Marks : 50*

*Time : 2 Hours*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

*Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.*

**[Special Paper : Dynamical Oceanology-I /  
Advanced Optimization and Operations Research]**

**(Dynamical Oceanology-I)**

Answer Q. No. 1 and any four from the rest.

1. Answer any four questions :

4×2

- (a) Show the contour plot of density as a functions of temperature and salinity over ranges appropriate to most of the ocean.
- (b) Write the expression for horizontal coriolis acceleration and find its value at latitude  $90^\circ$ ,  $45^\circ$  &  $0^\circ$ .

*(Turn Over)*

- (c) Write the properties of Reynolds operator of averaging.
- (d) Define all the Ekman numbers as well as Rossby number.
- (e) From the Ekman observation, write the relation between the Ekman depth and wind speed and then calculate the depth at latitude  $45^\circ$  for wind speed 12 m/s.
- (f) Write the x- and y- components of Reynolds Averaged Navier Stokes (RANS) equation.
2. (a) Write an equations of motion (components form) in oceanography.
- (b) Derive the pressure term in vector form for the above equation.
- (c) Write the transformation in vector form ideal axes fixed in space to axes fixed to earth, then using this transformation, derive the equation of motion in axes fixed to earth. 2+2+4
3. Derive the Reynolds equation for the x-component of velocity. 8
4. (a) For the ocean with horizontal and vertical length scales  $10^3$  KM and 1 KM, respectively and horizontal speed of order 0.1 m/s, find the vertical velocity and values of all eddy viscosities.
- (b) For the above situation, scale the y- and z- momentum equations and hence derive the corresponding approximate equations. 4+4

5. (a) Derive the expression for geopotential distance between two levels  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$ .

(b) With the necessary assumptions, derive the geostrophic equations and hence combine these to a single equation.

4+4

6. (a) With the necessary assumptions, derive the equation for  $\beta'$ -spiral.

(b) Hence derive the following relation

$$u \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x \partial z} + v \left( \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial y \partial z} - \beta / f \right) = 0$$

with usual notation.

5+3

7. (a) Find the Ekman's solution of the equation of wind-driven circulation with friction present.

(b) Derive the Sverdrup equation for motion of wind-driven circulation with friction present.

*(Internal Assessment : 10 Marks)*

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**(Advanced Optimization and Operations Research)**

Answer Q. No. 1 and any *four* from the rest.

1. Answer any *four* questions of the following : 4×2
- (a) Discuss when dual simplex method is useful over simplex method. 2
- (b) Discuss the effect of addition a new variable in the optimal table of simplex problem. 2
- (c) State the necessary and sufficient conditions for an extreme point of a n-variable function. 2
- (d) What do you mean by sensitivity analysis ? 2
- (e) Explain uni-modal maximization function with an example. 2
- (f) Discuss the different types of achievement of objective in goal programming. 2
2. Discuss the steps of revised simplex method to solve a LPP. Write down the salient points of the difference of revised simplex and simplex method. 5+3

3. Solve the following Integer Programming Problem using Gomary's cutting plane method

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Maximize } z = 5x_1 + x_2 \\
 &\text{subject to } 8x_1 + 6x_2 \leq 15 \\
 &\quad \quad \quad 2x_1 \leq 3 \\
 &\quad \quad \quad x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \\
 &\quad \quad \quad x_1, x_2 \text{ are integers.}
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Solve the following LPP by artificial constraint method

$$\text{Min } Z = -2x_1 - x_2 - x_3$$

$$\text{Subject to } 4x_1 + 6x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 8$$

$$-x_1 + 9x_2 - x_3 \geq 3$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 - 5x_3 \geq 4$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

8

5. Using steepest descent method minimize

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 + 2gx_1 + 2fx_2 + 2hx_3 + c$$

starting from the point  $\begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \\ \gamma \end{pmatrix}$ .

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6. Maximize  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3(x-1), & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 3(4-x)/2, & 2 \leq x \leq 4 \end{cases}$

in the interval  $[1, 4]$  using Fibonacci method for five experiments.

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7. Solve the following goal programming problem

$$\text{Min } Z = P_1 d_6^+ + P_2 (2d_2^- + d_3^-) + P_3 d_1^-$$

Subject to the constraints

$$20x_1 + 10x_2 + d_4^- - d_4^+ = 60$$

$$10x_1 + 10x_2 + d_5^- - d_5^+ = 40$$

$$40x_1 + 80x_2 + d_1^- - d_1^+ = 1000$$

$$x_1 + d_2^- - d_2^+ = 4$$

$$x_2 + d_3^- - d_3^+ = 6$$

$$d_4^+ + d_5^+ + d_6^- - d_6^+ = 50$$

$$x_1, x_2, d_i^-, d_i^+ \geq 0 ; i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6$$

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(Internal Assessment : 10 Marks)

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